## **IN THE CLAIMS**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

- 1. (currently amended) A method comprising:
  - forming a dielectric layer comprising a matrix material with a plurality of pores and porogen material within the pores; and
  - removing at least some of the porogen material from at least some of the plurality of pores; and
  - wherein the porogen material comprises a material selected from a group consisting of polyethylene terephthalate, polyamide-6,6, syndiotactic polystyrene, polycaprolactone, polypropylene oxide, polyphenylene sulfide, polyamideimide, polyphthalamide, polymethylstyrene, polyethretherketone, polyether sulfone, polyoxymethlene, polybutylene terephthalate, and polystyrene.
- 2. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein removing at least some of the porogen material comprises thermally decomposing at least some of the porogen material.
- 3. (original) The method of claim 2 further comprising depositing a thin film at a deposition temperature.
- 4. (original) The method of claim 3 wherein the porogen material has a thermal decomposition temperature higher than the deposition temperature.
- 5. (original) The method of claim 4 wherein the deposition temperature is about 300 degrees Celsius or lower.
- 6. (original) The method of claim 2 wherein the porogen material has a thermal decomposition temperature lower than a thermal decomposition temperature of the matrix material.

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- 7. (original) The method of claim 6 wherein the porogen material has a thermal decomposition temperature higher than 300 degrees Celsius.
- 8. 15. (canceled)
- 16. (currently amended) A method comprising:

forming a dielectric layer comprising a matrix material with a plurality of pores and porogen material within the pores;

forming a trench in the dielectric layer;

filling the trench with a conductive material, the filling being performed at a filling temperature; and

removing at least some of the porogen material from at least some of the plurality of pores; and

- wherein the porogen material comprises a material selected from a group consisting of polyethylene terephthalate, polyamide-6,6, syndiotactic polystyrene, polycaprolactone, polypropylene oxide, polyphenylene sulfide, polyamideimide, polyphthalamide, polymethylstyrene, polyethretherketone, polyether sulfone, polyoxymethlene, polybutylene terephthalate, and polystyrene.
- 17. (original) The method of claim 16 wherein the porogen material has a thermal decomposition temperature higher than the filling temperature and lower than a thermal decomposition temperature of the matrix material.
- 18. (canceled)

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19. (currently amended) The method of claim <u>17</u> [[18]] wherein the matrix material comprises at least one of cross-linked polyphenylene, polyaryl ether, polystyrene, crosslinked

polyarylene, polymethylmethacrylate, aromatic polycarbonate, aromatic polyimide, methyl silsesquioxane, and hydrogen silsesquioxane.

- 20. (new) The method of claim 1 wherein the porogen material comprises polyethylene terephthalate.
- 21. (new) The method of claim 1 wherein the porogen material comprises polymethylstyrene.
- 22. (new) The method of claim 1 wherein the porogen material comprises polycaprolactone.
- 23. (new) The method of claim 1 wherein the porogen material comprises polypropylene oxide.
- 24. (new) The method of claim 1 wherein the porogen material comprises polybutylene terephthalate.
- 25. (new) The method of claim 1 wherein the porogen material comprises polyphenylene sulfide.

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